

# DLSU MONTHLY UPDATE OF THE PHLIPPINE ECONOMY

DLSU-AKI POLICY BRIEF, 2024-09-043, SEPTEMBER 2024

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The Philippine High Frequency Model of De La Salle University (DLSU) produces monthly and quarterly forecasts of the Quarterly National Accounts reported by the Philippine Statistics Authority. The model uses seasonally adjusted national accounts (SANA) and over 50 monthly indicators from various government agencies. The process involves pooling the indicators into factors to be used for predicting both the National Accounts and the indicators themselves. The predicted values of the national accounts undergo disaggregation and benchmarking to obtain the forecasts. This report presents the actual and forecasted quarter-on-quarter percentage changes of the quarterly SANA, and year-on-year growth rates of the indicators, based on the latest available report, and until the first quarter of 2025.

## Government Securities

The 91-day T-bill rate shows a decline in the actual values from April to June. The model forecasts that the rates for August 2024 to February 2025 will be relatively lower than the rate reported in June 2024. Forecasts for 10-Yr Gov't. Bond show an overall decline – with a brief upward trend in October and November.

## Loans Outstanding (Sectors)

Outstanding loans y-o-y growth rates for the Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries (AFF) sector is forecasted to decline steadily from July 2024 to March 2025 after an observed drop in June 2024.

In contrast, loans for the Service and Industry sectors are predicted to grow steadily. The higher expected growth for Industry suggests that confidence and investments in this sector will continue to increase.

## Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP)

The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas cut its target policy rate by 25 basis points to 6.25 percent in August of this year. The forecasted quarterly growth of GDP in Q3 could suggest that the rate could stimulate investment and consumption. For the forecasted period, the Industrial sector is expected to grow, while AFF is projected to experience continue contraction.

## Quarter-on-Quarter Percentage Change, Q1 '24 to Q1 '25.

	2024	2024	2024	2024	2025
	Q1	Q2	Q3F	Q4F	Q1 <sup>F</sup>
Gross Domestic Product	1.10	0.50	2.10	2.60	0.50
Private Consumption	(0.20)	(0.10)	4.60	1.80	0.70
Government Expenditure	2.80	2.60	7.60	(3.20)	2.50
Gross Capital Formation	5.00	0.60	1.30	4.80	2.70
Exports of Goods and Services	(0.10)	(1.30)	4.90	0.20	(0.60)
Imports Goods and Services	6.90	(1.70)	9.10	(2.50)	5.80
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	(0.60)	(1.60)	0.50	(0.20)	(0.20)
Industry	2.50	1.50	3.00	0.10	3.40
Services	0.70	0.30	1.90	4.20	(0.80)

## Tourism

As of September 1, the country recorded 4.03 million foreign tourists. With only three months remaining, we anticipate that tourist arrivals will fall short of the Government's target of 7.7 million for 2024. Furthermore, in spite of the model's prediction of a higher annual growth for the succeeding months, the country will not be able to reach the target.

#### Trade

Total imports and exports registered an annual increase in April and May. This was followed by a sharp annual decline in June. The model forecasts an annual increase for imports. Meanwhile, the export volume is forecasted to show a consistent decline.

#### Labor

For the actual y-o-y growth rates of employment in industry and services from April to June, show positive growth and are forecasted to remain so. Meanwhile, AFF, continues to show decline. This pattern indicates the shift of workers out of the agriculture sector.

The unemployment rate declined to below 4% in June and our forecasts suggest that it will remain low, stabilizing within a range of 3.14% to 3.78%.

### Inflation

At 3.35% inflation rate in August, the country was able to crawl back to the Government's target range of 2-4%, following a steeped incline in July at 4.4%, the first time inflation breached the BSP target since November 2023. The model predicts that inflation will ease and stabilize, bringing the average to 3.5% for 2024.

## Estimated Month-on-Month Percentage Change of National Accounts

	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2025	2025	2025
	Apr	May	Jun	Jul <sup>F</sup>	AugF	$Sep^F$	Oct <sup>F</sup>	Nov <sup>F</sup>	$Dec^F$	Jan <sup>F</sup>	Feb <sup>F</sup>	Mar <sup>F</sup>
Gross Domestic Product	0.15	0.10	0.05	1.06	1.00	0.86	1.30	0.58	0.09	(0.69)	0.58	1.59
Private Consumption	(0.04)	(0.13)	1.01	2.36	1.77	1.06	0.12	0.29	0.41	0.48	(0.02)	(0.38)
Government Expenditure	(3.04)	4.92	2.13	5.85	(1.65)	(1.07)	(2.36)	0.15	1.03	0.63	(0.08)	3.45
Gross Capital Formation	3.42	(6.11)	(4.55)	3.36	3.12	2.75	0.95	1.18	0.20	(1.25)	2.95	4.43
Exports of Goods and Services	(0.25)	(3.53)	(0.15)	4.60	2.12	0.51	(0.45)	(0.24)	(0.88)	(0.93)	0.32	2.30
Imports Goods and Services	(0.43)	(5.78)	(0.78)	9.29	2.96	0.82	(4.14)	(0.24)	0.84	4.51	0.82	0.60
Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	(1.26)	3.59	0.46	(0.61)	(0.09)	(0.88)	0.42	(0.18)	0.39	(2.27)	1.25	3.24
Industry	0.65	(0.63)	(0.01)	2.18	1.42	0.29	(0.50)	(0.21)	0.24	1.72	1.33	2.01
Services	0.10	0.01	0.03	0.76	0.94	1.36	2.26	1.04	(0.01)	(1.60)	0.14	1.18

Note: Based on Seasonally Adjusted Data published by PSA.; F – forecast values Negative values are shown in parentheses ().



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## Actual and Forecasted Year-on-Year Percent Change of the Philippine Monthly Indicators

	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2025	2025	2025
4.16	Apr	May	Jun	Jul <sup>F</sup>	Aug <sup>F</sup>	Sep <sup>F</sup>	Oct <sup>F</sup>	Nov <sup>F</sup>	Dec <sup>F</sup>	Jan <sup>F</sup>	Feb <sup>F</sup>	Mar <sup>F</sup>
1. Monetary and Financial Landscape	F 62	6.40	6 E 0	7.21 <sup>A</sup>	7.75	7.60	7.60	0.15	7.61	7 07	9.20	7.00
M3 (Money Supply)	5.62	6.48 5.74	6.58	5.73 <sup>A</sup>		7.69		8.15	7.61	7.87	8.20 5.09	7.98
91-day T-bill Rate(%)* 10 Yr Govt Bond(%)*	5.82 6.44	6.83	5.67 6.75	6.21 <sup>A</sup>	4.23 6.21	4.06 6.30	5.03 6.68	5.17 7.09	5.07 6.60	5.14 5.92	6.26	5.83 6.56
Peso-Dollar Exchange Rate, Php*	57.70	58.62	58.87	58.65	58.67	59.50	58.71	57.32	57.30	57.52	57.69	57.44
2. Government and Public Finance**	37.70	58.02	36.67	38.03	38.07	39.30	36./1	37.32	57.30	37.32	57.09	57.44
National Government Cash Operations: Tax Revenue	13.90	3.35	3.37	15.46	1.42	9.78	(3.11)	8.80	7.65	(1.00)	4.17	14.96
NGCO: Non-Tax Revenue	113.89	98.07	81.36	(13.09)	17.15	27.60	(3.25)	(54.45)	5.25	(0.88)	32.95	(17.29)
NGCO: Expenditures	32.25	22.24	2.62	5.81	12.07	8.99	11.02	15.42	13.99	10.76	9.54	15.09
NGCO: External Financing	(210.37)			(68.59)	511.48	(277.34)	(25.90)	(293.79)	(16.89)	(172.51)	412.29	85.30
NGCO: Domestic Financing	(14.21)	(0.01)	(7.95)	63.55	45.88	67.73	23.08	(27.49)	437.83	90.18	(38.80)	110.41
3. Labor Market	(14.21)	(0.01)	(1.73)	05.55	73.00	07.73	25.00	(27.77)	T37.03	70.10	(30.00)	110.71
Unemployment Rate(%)*	4.05	4.13	3.12	3.14	3.23	3.63	3.41	3.32	3.29	3.78	3.66	3.78
Employment Volume: Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries	(7.09)	(13.31)	(8.58)	1.55	(12.56)	(5.58)	(6.63)	(15.55)	(13.08)	(5.82)	(7.02)	(3.15)
Employment Volume: Industry	8.22	14.59	14.94	9.74	5.57	8.37	6.70	12.54	0.41	3.42	0.43	3.34
Employment Volume: Service	1.27	3.44	3.93	9.87	8.36	4.36	4.16	7.17	6.32	8.73	5.95	4.21
Employment Volume: Public Administration		9.66				2.87	1.07	9.38			11.48	0.1
Employment Volume: Education	` /	14.15	(4.51)			(0.67)	0.82	0.06		1.50		(4.45
Employment Volume: Health	. ,	(4.26)	(4.77)	(0.10)		0.50	4.38	10.24	16.62		(0.76)	3.0
4. Consumer and Household Sector	(10.49)	(4.20)	(4.77)	(0.10)	(13.12)	0.50	4.50	10.24	10.02	(0.19)	(0.19)	3.0.
Loans Outstanding for Household Consumption (billions)	23.60	23.61	23.29	21.18	20.39	19.73	19.56	19.25	19.24	18.31	18.44	18.73
Personal Remittances	3.11	3.68	2.55	2.96	2.37	0.57	1.03	1.55	(0.37)	(0.12)	1.16	2.42
Cash Remittances	3.11	3.60	2.33	3.30	1.81	1.20	1.03	0.60	0.42	1.19	1.16	1.67
Consumer Price Index	3.81	3.89	3.72	4.37 <sup>A</sup>	3.35 <sup>A</sup>	2.80	3.07	3.57	3.53	4.03	3.71	3.68
5. Manufacturing and Industry	3.01	3.69	3.74	4.37	3.33	2.00	3.07	3.37	5.55	4.03	J. / 1	5.00
Volume of Production Index: Manufacturing	6.99	3.21	2.45	7.52	8.01	5.57	10.02	6.39	6.28	7.03	4.46	5.86
Volume of Froduction findex. Manufacturing  VoPI: Manufacture of Food			8.78				(0.32)	(3.08)	(3.01)	(1.49)	(2.66)	5.2
VoPI: Manufacture of Transport Equipment		( )	(8.76)				4.27	0.33	` /	9.73	. ,	15.1
1 1 1		\ /	18.81	13.52			5.50	7.94	17.32		11.29	1.0
VoPI: Manufacture of machinery and Equipment	8.22		1.25	2.34	(1.27)		(3.26)	1.37	0.14	0.86	0.32	1.86
Net Sales Volume Index (2018 = 100)		(0.47)			` ′	(3.51)					1.77	
Average Capacity Utilization Rate 6. Trade and Export	3.98	2.94	2.73	1.73	0.64	1.15	1.41	0.81	0.62	2.20	1.//	1.43
Total Exports of Goods (in Gross Kilograms)	49.14	13.78	(3.78)	(4.70)	(13.86)	(10.55)	(13.37)	(23.84)	(2.84)	(13.19)	(24.52)	(0.18)
			, ,	` /	` /	\ /	` ′	\ /	` ′	` /	` ,	` /
Exp: Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof	16.77 15.47	(0.81)	(12.70) (4.03)	(4.39) 12.81	14.74 7.39	(12.90) 15.98	3.95 2.70	(7.82) 2.15	(11.12) 13.67	(6.58) 15.61	(7.59) 6.17	4.8
Total Import of Goods (in Gross Kilograms)  Imp: Food and Beverages			6.39				21.22	9.76				3.6
Imp. Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof			44.12				4.08	3.26	2.46 17.15			20.70
Imp: Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof		(39.31)	(30.70)		(14.34)	(13.30)	(29.67)	(10.44)	(7.99)	(12.93)	(16.30)	6.2
7. Tourism and Transportation	(30.37)	(39.31)	(30.70)	(24.42)	(14.34)	(13.30)	(29.07)	(10.44)	(7.99)	(12.93)	(10.30)	0.20
Tourist Visitor Arrivals	2.92	13.95	0.35	0.02	14.40	19.75	26.74	26.25	18.86	13.43	9.57	15.61
	8.50	13.25	1.64	12.52	2.49	4.04	2.71	6.16	10.22	9.76	(2.21)	9.41
Domestic Cargo: Outgoing		(2.92)	(3.85)	50.58	4.71	(20.11)	(29.47)	(20.57)	(4.48)	17.19	6.25	8.28
Domestic Cargo: Incoming International Cargo: Outgoing	(17.66) 9.09	(3.69)	3.65	23.33	13.04	` ′	` ′	11.00	4.68	1.36		
International Cargo: Outgoing International Cargo: Incoming	29.87	48.31	21.48	35.39	23.78	(1.25) 1.37	8.35 12.50	5.41	(1.01)	0.78	(3.49) 5.13	(2.93) (5.62)
Domestic Aircraft Traffic	11.11	9.61	10.65	3.82	(11.61)	(1.73)	(0.02)	13.30	17.08	21.14	36.40	48.01
International Aircraft Traffic	9.27	12.29	16.11	12.08	3.81	0.02	1.62	6.66	10.29	9.69	9.32	12.63
8. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)	7.41	14.49	10.11	12.00	5.01	0.02	1.02	0.00	10.29	7.09	7.34	12.03
FDI Flow: Equity	(48.06)	(31.70)	(15.17)	20.07	97.06	49.18	76.64	206.46	292.32	(985.28)	(62.17)	(6.90)
FDI Flow: Equity  FDI Flow: AFF Equity	(87.37)	` /	(107.23)	(188.06)	(531.85)	(240.81)		(153.83)		. ,	(580.14)	(709.83)
FDI Flow: AFF Equity FDI Flow: Industry Equity	(63.46)	(47.40)	21.76	84.92	20.00	(2.43)	144.54	42.70	414.56	67.32	(65.62)	(27.62)
FDI Flow: Service Equity	(19.24)	56.02	58.10	(30.15)	88.64	26.41	(191.43)	540.22	(91.58)	(32.96)	(30.50)	(0.30)
9. Loans (By Sector)	(17.24)	50.02	50.10	(50.15)	00.04	20.11	(1/1.73)	570.22	(21.36)	(32.70)	(50.50)	(0.50)
Loans Outstanding for AFF Sector	13.80	16.78	14.48	10.69	10.66	2.88	(1.29)	(3.17)	(3.62)	(3.40)	(3.56)	(5.22)
Loans Outstanding for Industry Sector	8.47	10.78	13.87	15.31	15.95	16.95	17.38	18.12	16.47	16.57	16.20	13.46
Loans Outstanding for Industry Sector  Loans Outstanding for Wholesale Trade			9.55			14.09	12.98	14.28			15.92	15.3
Loans Outstanding for Wholesale Trade  Loans Outstanding for Real Estate			12.12				13.70	12.39				13.7
Loans Outstanding for Service Sector	7.71	7.53	8.14	7.66	7.18	7.50	7.03	7.98	7.68	7.96	8.02	7.34
10. Others	/./1	1.55	0.14	7.00	/.10	7.50	7.03	1.70	7.00	7.20	0.02	7.54
	13.24	12.01	9.71	5.70	5.53	6.03	6.34	4.88	4.54	1.41	4.28	7.78
System Peak Demand per Grid			25.02	8.82	10.92						5.52	
Building Permit	15.72	(15.40)				(17.06)	8.55	19.87	16.21	14.20		18.76
Rice Stock	0.71	10.29	19.00	20.71	(2.83)	(17.06)	(13.75)	4.23	4.24	(11.75)	(3.84)	(1.94)
Corn Stock	21.22	6.28	(15.31)	(18.62)	(6.69)	(4.04)	2.82	8.46	7.24	19.24	37.47	34.47
Farmgate Prices: Rice	24.18	29.62	19.03	22.25	15.19	16.82	14.04	12.51	10.48	2.17	3.00	5.55
Farmgate Prices: Corn	(19.44)	(19.10)	(9.61)	(7.69)	(5.58)	10.22	5.15	0.77	11.07	(10.32)	(5.43)	0.40

Note: Most indicators are in % change of previous year; \*- end of year actual value; F - forecast values, A - actual value (if listed under a month with F) Negative values are shown in parentheses ().

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